

Calendar No. 856

110TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION**H. R. 3195**

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JUNE 26, 2008

Received and read the first time

JUNE 27, 2008

Read the second time and placed on the calendar

AN ACT

To restore the intent and protections of the Americans with
Disabilities Act of 1990.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “ADA Amendments Act
5 of 2008”.

6 **SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.**

7 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—

8 (1) in enacting the Americans with Disabilities
9 Act of 1990 (ADA), Congress intended that the Act
10 “provide a clear and comprehensive national man-

1 date for the elimination of discrimination against in-
2 dividuals with disabilities” and provide broad cov-
3 erage;

4 (2) in enacting the ADA, Congress recognized
5 that physical and mental disabilities in no way di-
6 minish a person’s right to fully participate in all as-
7 pects of society, but that people with physical or
8 mental disabilities are frequently precluded from
9 doing so because of prejudice, antiquated attitudes,
10 or the failure to remove societal and institutional
11 barriers;

12 (3) while Congress expected that the definition
13 of disability under the ADA would be interpreted
14 consistently with how courts had applied the defini-
15 tion of handicap under the Rehabilitation Act of
16 1973, that expectation has not been fulfilled;

17 (4) the holdings of the Supreme Court in *Sut-*
18 *ton v. United Airlines, Inc.*, 527 U.S. 471 (1999)
19 and its companion cases, and in *Toyota Motor Man-*
20 *ufacturing, Kentucky, Inc. v. Williams*, 534 U.S.
21 184 (2002) have narrowed the broad scope of pro-
22 tection intended to be afforded by the ADA, thus
23 eliminating protection for many individuals whom
24 Congress intended to protect; and

1 (5) as a result of these Supreme Court cases,
2 lower courts have incorrectly found in individual
3 cases that people with a range of substantially lim-
4 iting impairments are not people with disabilities.

5 (b) PURPOSES.—The purposes of this Act are—

6 (1) to carry out the ADA’s objectives of pro-
7 viding “a clear and comprehensive national mandate
8 for the elimination of discrimination” and “clear,
9 strong, consistent, enforceable standards addressing
10 discrimination” by reinstating a broad scope of pro-
11 tection to be available under the ADA;

12 (2) to reject the requirement enunciated by the
13 Supreme Court in *Sutton v. United Airlines, Inc.*,
14 527 U.S. 471 (1999) and its companion cases that
15 whether an impairment substantially limits a major
16 life activity is to be determined with reference to the
17 ameliorative effects of mitigating measures;

18 (3) to reject the Supreme Court’s reasoning in
19 *Sutton v. United Airlines, Inc.*, 527 U.S. 471 (1999)
20 with regard to coverage under the third prong of the
21 definition of disability and to reinstate the reasoning
22 of the Supreme Court in *School Board of Nassau*
23 *County v. Arline*, 480 U.S. 273 (1987) which set
24 forth a broad view of the third prong of the defini-

1 tion of handicap under the Rehabilitation Act of
2 1973;

3 (4) to reject the standards enunciated by the
4 Supreme Court in *Toyota Motor Manufacturing,*
5 *Kentucky, Inc. v. Williams*, 534 U.S. 184 (2002),
6 that the terms “substantially” and “major” in the
7 definition of disability under the ADA “need to be
8 interpreted strictly to create a demanding standard
9 for qualifying as disabled,” and that to be substan-
10 tially limited in performing a major life activity
11 under the ADA “an individual must have an impair-
12 ment that prevents or severely restricts the indi-
13 vidual from doing activities that are of central im-
14 portance to most people’s daily lives”; and

15 (5) to provide a new definition of “substantially
16 limits” to indicate that Congress intends to depart
17 from the strict and demanding standard applied by
18 the Supreme Court in *Toyota Motor Manufacturing,*
19 *Kentucky, Inc. v. Williams* and by numerous lower
20 courts.

21 **SEC. 3. CODIFIED FINDINGS.**

22 Section 2(a) of the Americans with Disabilities Act
23 of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101) is amended—

24 (1) by amending paragraph (1) to read as fol-
25 lows:

1 “(2) SUBSTANTIALLY LIMITS.—The term ‘sub-
2 stantially limits’ means materially restricts.

3 “(3) MAJOR LIFE ACTIVITIES.—

4 “(A) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of para-
5 graph (1), major life activities include, but are
6 not limited to, caring for oneself, performing
7 manual tasks, seeing, hearing, eating, sleeping,
8 walking, standing, lifting, bending, speaking,
9 breathing, learning, reading, concentrating,
10 thinking, communicating and working.

11 “(B) MAJOR BODILY FUNCTIONS.—For
12 purposes of paragraph (1), a major life activity
13 also includes the operation of a major bodily
14 function, including but not limited to, functions
15 of the immune system, normal cell growth, di-
16 gestive, bowel, bladder, neurological, brain, res-
17 piratory, circulatory, endocrine, and reproduc-
18 tive functions.

19 “(4) REGARDED AS HAVING SUCH AN IMPAIR-
20 MENT.—For purposes of paragraph (1)(C):

21 “(A) An individual meets the requirement
22 of ‘being regarded as having such an impair-
23 ment’ if the individual establishes that he or
24 she has been subjected to an action prohibited
25 under this Act because of an actual or perceived

1 physical or mental impairment whether or not
2 the impairment limits or is perceived to limit a
3 major life activity.

4 “(B) Paragraph (1)(C) shall not apply to
5 impairments that are transitory and minor. A
6 transitory impairment is an impairment with an
7 actual or expected duration of 6 months or less.

8 “(5) RULES OF CONSTRUCTION REGARDING
9 THE DEFINITION OF DISABILITY.—The definition of
10 ‘disability’ in paragraph (1) shall be construed in ac-
11 cordance with the following:

12 “(A) To achieve the remedial purposes of
13 this Act, the definition of ‘disability’ in para-
14 graph (1) shall be construed broadly.

15 “(B) An impairment that substantially lim-
16 its one major life activity need not limit other
17 major life activities in order to be considered a
18 disability.

19 “(C) An impairment that is episodic or in
20 remission is a disability if it would substantially
21 limit a major life activity when active.

22 “(D)(i) The determination of whether an
23 impairment substantially limits a major life ac-
24 tivity shall be made without regard to the ame-

1 liorative effects of mitigating measures such
2 as—

3 “(I) medication, medical supplies,
4 equipment, or appliances, low-vision de-
5 vices (which do not include ordinary eye-
6 glasses or contact lenses), prosthetics in-
7 cluding limbs and devices, hearing aids and
8 cochlear implants or other implantable
9 hearing devices, mobility devices, or oxygen
10 therapy equipment and supplies;

11 “(II) use of assistive technology;

12 “(III) reasonable accommodations or
13 auxiliary aids or services; or

14 “(IV) learned behavioral or adaptive
15 neurological modifications.

16 “(ii) The ameliorative effects of the miti-
17 gating measures of ordinary eyeglasses or con-
18 tact lenses shall be considered in determining
19 whether an impairment substantially limits a
20 major life activity.

21 “(iii) As used in this subparagraph—

22 “(I) the term ‘ordinary eyeglasses or
23 contact lenses’ means lenses that are in-
24 tended to fully correct visual acuity or
25 eliminate refractive error; and

1 “(II) the term ‘low-vision devices’
2 means devices that magnify, enhance, or
3 otherwise augment a visual image.”.

4 (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The Americans
5 with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.)
6 is further amended by adding after section 3 the following:

7 **“SEC. 4. ADDITIONAL DEFINITIONS.**

8 “As used in this Act:

9 “(1) AUXILIARY AIDS AND SERVICES.—The
10 term ‘auxiliary aids and services’ includes—

11 “(A) qualified interpreters or other effec-
12 tive methods of making aurally delivered mate-
13 rials available to individuals with hearing im-
14 pairments;

15 “(B) qualified readers, taped texts, or
16 other effective methods of making visually deliv-
17 ered materials available to individuals with vis-
18 ual impairments;

19 “(C) acquisition or modification of equip-
20 ment or devices; and

21 “(D) other similar services and actions.

22 “(2) STATE.—The term ‘State’ means each of
23 the several States, the District of Columbia, the
24 Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, American
25 Samoa, the Virgin Islands, the Trust Territory of

1 the Pacific Islands, and the Commonwealth of the
2 Northern Mariana Islands.”.

3 (c) AMENDMENT TO THE TABLE OF CONTENTS.—

4 The table of contents contained in section 1(b) of the
5 Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 is amended by
6 striking the item relating to section 3 and inserting the
7 following items:

“Sec. 3. Definition of disability.

“Sec. 4. Additional definitions.”.

8 **SEC. 5. DISCRIMINATION ON THE BASIS OF DISABILITY.**

9 (a) ON THE BASIS OF DISABILITY.—Section 102 of
10 the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C.
11 12112) is amended—

12 (1) in subsection (a), by striking “with a dis-
13 ability because of the disability of such individual”
14 and inserting “on the basis of disability”; and

15 (2) in subsection (b) in the matter preceding
16 paragraph (1), by striking “discriminate” and in-
17 serting “discriminate against a qualified individual
18 on the basis of disability”.

19 (b) QUALIFICATION STANDARDS AND TESTS RE-
20 LATED TO UNCORRECTED VISION.—Section 103 of the
21 Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C.
22 12113) is amended by redesignating subsections (c) and
23 (d) as subsections (d) and (e), respectively, and inserting
24 after subsection (b) the following new subsection:

1 “(c) **QUALIFICATION STANDARDS AND TESTS RE-**
2 **LATED TO UNCORRECTED VISION.**—Notwithstanding sec-
3 tion 3(5)(D)(ii), a covered entity shall not use qualifica-
4 tion standards, employment tests, or other selection cri-
5 teria based on an individual’s uncorrected vision unless the
6 standard, test, or other selection criteria, as used by the
7 covered entity, is shown to be job-related for the position
8 in question and consistent with business necessity.”.

9 (c) **CONFORMING AMENDMENT.**—Section 101(8) of
10 the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C.
11 12111(8)) is amended—

12 (1) in the paragraph heading, by striking
13 “WITH A DISABILITY”; and

14 (2) by striking “with a disability” after “indi-
15 vidual” both places it appears.

16 **SEC. 6. RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.**

17 Title V of the Americans with Disabilities Act of
18 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12201) is amended—

19 (1) by adding at the end of section 501 the fol-
20 lowing:

21 “(e) **BENEFITS UNDER STATE WORKER’S COM-**
22 **PENSATION LAWS.**—Nothing in this Act alters the stand-
23 ards for determining eligibility for benefits under State
24 worker’s compensation laws or under State and Federal
25 disability benefit programs.

1 “(f) CLAIMS OF NO DISABILITY.—Nothing in this
2 Act shall provide the basis for a claim by a person without
3 a disability that he or she was subject to discrimination
4 because of his or her lack of disability.

5 “(g) REASONABLE ACCOMMODATIONS AND MODI-
6 FICATIONS.—A covered entity under title I, a public entity
7 under title II, and any person who owns, leases (or leases
8 to), or operates a place of public accommodation under
9 title III, need not provide a reasonable accommodation or
10 a reasonable modification to policies, practices, or proce-
11 dures to an individual who meets the definition of dis-
12 ability in section 3(1) solely under subparagraph (C).”;

13 (2) by redesignating section 506 through 514
14 as sections 507 through 515, respectively, and add-
15 ing after section 505 the following:

16 **“SEC. 506. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION REGARDING REGU-**
17 **LATORY AUTHORITY.**

18 “The authority to issue regulations granted to the
19 Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, the Attor-
20 ney General, and the Secretary of Transportation under
21 this Act includes the authority to issue regulations imple-
22 menting the definitions contained in sections 3 and 4.”;
23 and

24 (3) in the table of contents contained in section
25 1(b), by redesignating the items relating to sections

1 506 through 514 as sections 507 through 515, re-
2 spectively, and by inserting after the item relating to
3 section 505 the following new item:

“Sec. 506. Rule of construction regarding regulatory authority.”.

4 **SEC. 7. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.**

5 Section 7 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29
6 U.S.C. 705) is amended—

7 (1) in paragraph (9)(B), by striking “a phys-
8 ical” and all that follows through “major life activi-
9 ties”, and inserting “the meaning given it in section
10 3 of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990”;
11 and

12 (2) in paragraph (20)(B), by striking “any per-
13 son who” and all that follows through the period at
14 the end, and inserting “any person who has a dis-
15 ability as defined in section 3 of the Americans with
16 Disabilities Act of 1990.”.

17 **SEC. 8. EFFECTIVE DATE.**

18 This Act and the amendments made by this Act shall
19 become effective on January 1, 2009.

Passed the House of Representatives June 25, 2008.

Attest: LORRAINE C. MILLER,
Clerk.

By DEBORAH M. SPRIGGS,
Deputy Clerk.

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